117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
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To modernize certain Federal agencies for an era of strategic energy and mineral competition, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. Murkowski introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To modernize certain Federal agencies for an era of strategic energy and mineral competition, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Strategic Energy and
- 5 Minerals Initiative Act of 2021".
- 6 SEC. 2. POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.
- 7 (a) In General.—It is the policy of the United
- 8 States to enable the private sector in the United States
- 9 to compete in global energy and critical minerals markets
- 10 that may be dominated by cartels, state-sponsored enter-

- 1 prises, and trade finance agencies that utilize the provision
- 2 of credit, capital, and other financial support for strategic
- 3 energy purposes.
- 4 (b) Critical Mineral Defined.—In this section,
- 5 the term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the
- 6 term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (divi-
- 7 sion Z of Public Law 116–260; 134 Stat. 2562; 30 U.S.C.
- 8 1606(a)).
- 9 SEC. 3. STRATEGIC ENERGY AND MINERALS PORTFOLIO OF
- 10 UNITED STATES INTERNATIONAL DEVELOP-
- 11 MENT FINANCE CORPORATION.
- 12 Title V of the Better Utilization of Investments Lead-
- 13 ing to Development Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 9671 et seq.)
- 14 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 15 "SEC. 1455. STRATEGIC ENERGY AND MINERALS PORT-
- 16 FOLIO.
- 17 "The Corporation—
- 18 "(1) may provide support under title II for
- projects related to any type of energy, including fos-
- sil fuels, renewables (including hydropower), and nu-
- clear energy, or the production, processing, manu-
- facturing, or recycling of critical minerals (as de-
- fined in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020
- 24 (division Z of Public Law 116–260; 134 Stat. 2562;
- 25 30 U.S.C. 1606(a))); and

1	"(2) may not prohibit, restrict, or otherwise im-
2	pede the provision of support on the basis of the
3	type of energy involved in a project.".
4	SEC. 4. OPPOSITION TO POLICIES AT MULTILATERAL DE-
5	VELOPMENT BANKS RESTRICTING ASSIST-
6	ANCE BASED ON TYPE OF ENERGY IN-
7	VOLVED.
8	(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury
9	shall direct the United States Executive Director of each
10	multilateral development bank to use the voice and vote
11	of the United States at the bank to oppose all policies,
12	rules, and regulations at the bank that restrict the provi-
13	sion of development assistance to developing countries on
14	the basis of the type of energy involved, including through
15	restrictions on upstream fossil fuel activities and the use
16	of coal-fired electricity generation.
17	(b) Multilateral Development Bank De-
18	FINED.—In this section, the term "multilateral develop-
19	ment bank" has the meaning given that term in section
20	1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions Act
21	(22 U.S.C. 262r(c)).

1	SEC. 5. PROMOTION OF ENERGY AND MINERALS EXPORTS
2	BY EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED
3	STATES.
4	(a) Strategic Energy and Minerals Port-
5	FOLIO.—The Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C.
6	635 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"SEC. 16. STRATEGIC ENERGY AND MINERALS PORTFOLIO
9	"(a) In General.—The Bank shall establish a stra-
10	tegic energy and minerals portfolio focused on providing
11	financing (including loans, guarantees, and insurance) for
12	civil nuclear energy infrastructure projects (subject to sub-
13	section (c)), natural gas infrastructure projects, and crit-
14	ical minerals projects (including production, processing,
15	manufacturing, or recycling), that may facilitate—
16	"(1) increases in exports of United States en-
17	ergy commodities, such as regasification terminals;
18	"(2) the export of United States equipment,
19	materials, and technology; or
20	"(3) the strategic diversification of supply
21	chains critical to the United States economy.
22	"(b) Maximum Exposure Cap for Strategic En-
23	ergy Portfolio.—
24	"(1) In general.—The aggregate amount of
25	loans, guarantees, and insurance under subsection

1	(a) the Bank has outstanding at any one time may
2	not exceed $$50,000,000,000$.
3	"(2) Treatment of Defaults.—A default on
4	financing provided under subsection (a) shall not—
5	"(A) be included in the default rate cal-
6	culated by the Bank under section $8(g)(1)$; or
7	"(B) count for purposes of the freeze on
8	lending provided for under section $6(a)(3)$.
9	"(c) Limitation.—The Bank may provide financing
10	for civil nuclear energy infrastructure projects only in
11	countries with which the United States has in effect a nu-
12	clear cooperation agreement under section 123 of the
13	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153).
14	"(d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
15	tion may be construed to lessen the obligation of the Bank
16	to conduct rigorous due diligence and mitigate risks with
17	respect to transactions or projects for which the Bank pro-
18	vides financing under this section.
19	"(e) Critical Mineral Defined.—In this section,
20	the term 'critical mineral' has the meaning given the term
21	in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (division
22	Z of Public Law 116–260; 134 Stat. 2562; 30 U.S.C.
23	1606(a)).".
24	(b) Promotion of Energy Exports.—Section
25	2(b)(1)(C) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12

U.S.C. 635(b)(1)(C)) is amended by striking "nonnuclear renewable" and inserting "all". 3 (c) Modification of Limitation on Financing FOR NUCLEAR ENERGY EXPORTS.—Section 2(b)(5)(C) of 5 the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 6 635(b)(5)(C)) is amended by striking "any liquid metal fast breeder nuclear reactor or any nuclear fuel reprocess-8 ing facility" and inserting "any nuclear material, equipment, or technology not provided for under a nuclear co-10 operation agreement in effect under section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153)". 12 (d) Extension of Export-import Bank.— 13 (1) AGGREGATE LOAN, GUARANTEE, AND IN-14 SURANCE AUTHORITY.—Section 6(a) of the Export-15 Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635e(a)) is 16 amended— (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "fiscal 17 18 2020 2027, through years means 19 \$135,000,000,000" and inserting "2021 20 through 2031, means \$200,000,000,000"; and (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "If" and 21 22 inserting "Except as provided in section

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16(b)(2), if".

1	(2) Termination.—Section 7 of the Export-
2	Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635f) is
3	amended by striking "2026" and inserting "2031".
4	SEC. 6. LOAN GUARANTEES FOR PROJECTS THAT IN-
5	CREASE THE DOMESTIC SUPPLY OF CRIT-
6	ICAL MINERALS.
7	Section 1703(b) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005
8	(42 U.S.C. 16513(b)) is amended by adding at the end
9	the following:
10	"(13) Projects that increase the domestic sup-
11	ply of critical minerals (as designated by the Sec-
12	retary of the Interior under section 7002(c) of the
13	Energy Act of 2020 (division Z of Public Law 116-
14	260; 134 Stat. 2563; 30 U.S.C. 1606(e)), including
15	through the production, manufacturing, processing,
16	recycling, or fabrication of mineral alternatives.".
17	SEC. 7. IMPLEMENTATION OF FEDERAL STRATEGY TO EN-
18	SURE SECURE AND RELIABLE SUPPLIES OF
19	CRITICAL MINERALS.
20	Not later than 2 years after the date of the enact-
21	ment of this Act, the Federal Government shall fully im-
22	plement the recommendations made in the report of the
23	Department of Commerce entitled "A Federal Strategy to
24	Ensure the Secure and Reliable Supplies of Critical Min-
25	erals" and dated June 2019.